

MAKE SURE YOU KNOW
HOW TO COMPLETE THESE QUESTIONS!

NAME: _____

CST-500.A05 • Student Booklet — Parts A, B and C

Part C

This part of the examination consists of **Questions 11 to 16**.

For each question, you must show all your work to justify your answer. The work you show on all the pages of Part C will be considered.

Your work must be organized and clearly presented; it cannot simply involve listing the calculator applications or programs used to obtain results or information.

Each question in Part C is worth 10 marks.

TOPIC 1: OPTIMIZATION

11. Body Builders

Cody works out at *Body Builders* where there are different weight machines to exercise the arms and the legs. He creates a workout routine that involves:

- a maximum of 24 exercises
- at least 4 arm exercises
- no fewer than 6 leg exercises
- at most twice as many leg exercises as arm exercises

$$x + y \leq 24$$

$$x \geq 4$$

$$y \geq 6$$

$$y \leq 2x$$



Cody's routine has 25 repetitions of each arm exercise and 30 repetitions of each leg exercise corresponding to the rule: $Z = 25x + 30y$.

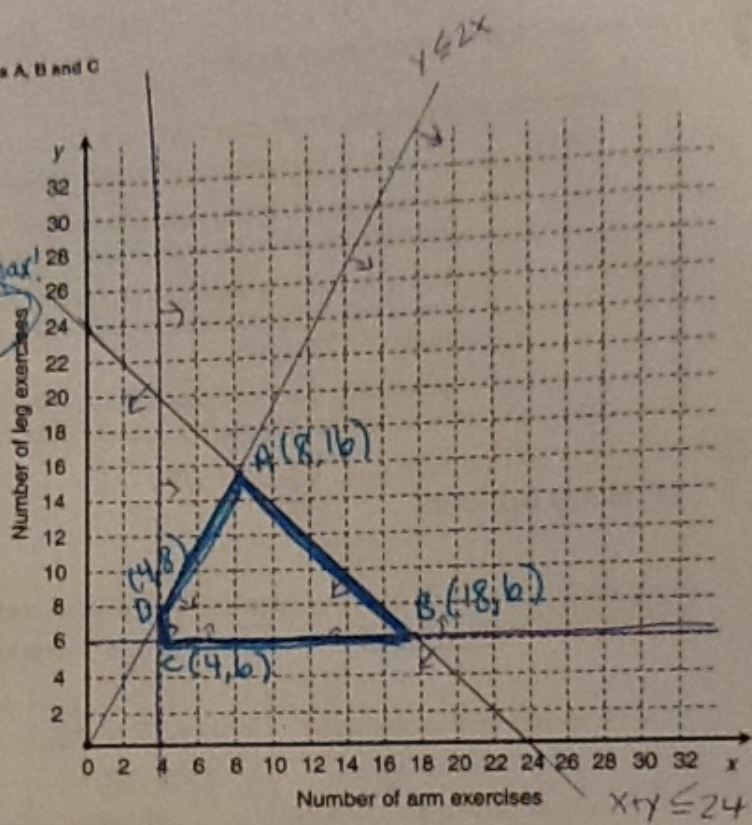
What is the maximum possible number of repetitions in Cody's exercise routine?

→ Let x the number of arm exercises

→ Let y the number of leg exercises

Show all your work.

	$Z = 25x + 30y$	Z max
A(8, 16)	$25(8) + 30(16)$ <small>200 + 480</small>	680
B(18, 6)	$25(18) + 30(6)$ <small>450 + 180</small>	630
C(4, 6)	$25(4) + 30(6)$ <small>100 + 180</small>	280
D(4, 8)	$25(4) + 30(8)$ <small>100 + 240</small>	340



The maximum possible number of repetitions in Cody's exercise routine is 680.

Uses mathematical reasoning							
		Observable indicators correspond to level					
Evaluation Criteria	LEVEL	A	B	C	D	E	
	Cr. 3	40	32	24	16	8	0
	Cr. 2	40	32	24	16	8	0
	Cr. 4	20	16	12	8	4	0
	Cr. 5						

TOPIC 4: PROBABILITY (Voting Procedures)

Compute the winner of the election using each of the methods provided. Show your work.

Votes	16	14	17	13
1 st choice	2 A	C	B	C
2 nd choice	1 B	A	A	B
3 rd choice	0 C	B	C	A

Total votes = 16 + 14 + 17 + 13 = 60

majority
3 persons with
over 50% of
the votes

Winner by majority ballot: Would need 31 votes

A: 16
B: 17
C: 14 + 13 = 27

NO Winner.

plurality
person with
the most first
place votes

Winner by plurality ballot:

C is the winner with 27 votes.

Borda's
Number
values

Winner by Borda's method:

A: $2(16) + 1(14+17) + 0(13) = 63$
 B: $2(17) + 1(16+13) + 0(14) = 63$
 C: $2(14+13) + 1(0) + 0(16+17) = 32$

NO Winner

Condorcet's
A vs B
A vs C
B vs C

Winner by Condorcet's criterion:

A vs B: A 16 + 14 = 30
 A vs C: A 16 + 17 = 33
 B vs C: B 16 + 17 = 33

B: 17 + 13 = 30
 C: 14 + 13 = 27
 C: 14 + 13 = 27

winner
Tie
A
B
NO Winner

Elimination
Take out
the person
with the least
votes and give
those votes to
2nd choice

Winner by elimination method:

1st place votes
 A: 16
 B: 17
 C: 27

A has the least because it only has 16.
 So those votes go to the 2nd place in
 that column (below) → B.

B has 17 + 16 = 33
 C has 27

B is the winner

TOPIC 2: GRAPH THEORY

Sam is planning a trip to Alberta, where he will be visiting cities A, B, C and D. To get from one city to another, he will travel by bus or by train. The following table shows the cost of getting from one city to another depending on the mode of transportation.

TRAVEL BETWEEN CITIES	BUS FARE	TRAIN FARE
A and B	\$85 ✓	\$90 ✓
A and C	\$85	\$70 ✓
A and D	\$90 ✓	—
B and C	\$50 ✓	—
B and D	\$65 ✓	\$75
C and D	—	\$60 ✓

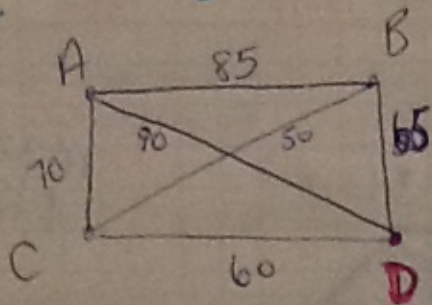
Sam will begin and end his trip in City D.

What are Sam's total minimum travel expenses?

Show all your work.

Step 1: So we look at the options for each path

Step 2: Draw your graph.



Note there are a few other routes but they are just the backwards version of each other

Step 3: Look at possible routes:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{DBACD} & 65 + 85 + 70 + 60 = 280 \\ \text{DBCAD} & 65 + 50 + 70 + 90 = 275 \\ \text{DCBAD} & 60 + 50 + 85 + 90 = 285 \\ \text{DABCD} & 90 + 85 + 50 + 60 = 285 \\ \text{DACBD} & 90 + 70 + 50 + 65 = 275 \end{aligned}$$

Minimum is \$275

#7 Easy Complete

TOPIC 1: OPTIMIZATION

A fisherman has to separate his daily catch of shellfish into two categories, lobsters and crabs, before he can sell them. Lobsters are sold for \$8.70 each and crabs are sold for \$9.60 each.

$$R = 8.70x + 9.60y$$

On an average day, the fisherman can expect to catch a minimum of 35 crabs and a maximum of 60. By experience, there are at most twice as many lobsters as crabs in a daily catch and never has the fisherman caught more than 140 shellfish in a single day.

x = lobster
y = crab

Using a polygon of constraints, determine the maximum revenue that this fisherman can expect to make.

Show me polygon, vertices, inequalities & maximum.

$$x + y \leq 140$$

$$y \geq 35$$

$$y \leq 60$$

$$x \leq 2y$$

NOTE: If you did x as crab and y as lobster, your graph will be the other way, but you'll get the same answer.

$$R = 8.70x + 9.60y$$

REV.

Vertex	Revenue Calculation	Revenue
A(30, 60)	$8.70(30) + 9.60(60)$ 261 + 576	837
B(80, 60)	$8.70(80) + 9.60(60)$ 696 + 576	1272
C(105, 35)	$8.70(105) + 9.60(35)$ 913.50 + 336	1249.50
D(17.5, 35)	$8.70(17.5) + 9.60(35)$ 152.25 + 336	488.25

max = \$1272

